West Perth Football Club Inc

ABN 92 978 459 481

Financial Report - 31 October 2022

West Perth Football Club Inc. Directors' report 31 October 2022

The Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, of West Perth Football Club Inc (the 'Club') for the year ended 31 October 2022.

Directors

The following persons were directors of West Perth Football Club Inc during the whole of the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

Neale Fong Jimmy Caffieri Paul Cox Tracy Gallagher Adam Myers Peter Ross Richard Cohen Larry Lopez Kate Vivian - appointed 15 February 2022

Principal activities

During the financial year the principal continuing activities of West Perth Football Club Inc were the promotion and provision of Australian Rules Football for the community within the West Perth Football Club Inc district and zones.

The fundraising activities and sponsorship of West Perth Football Club Inc have been critical in providing much needed cash to effectively achieve the objectives of West Perth Football Club Inc.

Significant Changes

During the year the talent program was returned to the control of the West Perth Football club by the WAFC, no other significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Operating Result

The profit prior to the depreciation of fixed assets was \$55,158 which was in line with the budget set by the Board at the commencement of the season. During the year a further \$50,000 of our loan to the WAFC was repaid and approximately \$76,000 of fixed assets were purchased including \$20,000 for a can bar which will be operational prior to the commencement of next season to assist in further revenue generation.

The surplus for the year (including depreciation of fixed assets) amounted to \$24,672 (2021: \$234,969).

On behalf of the officers

Neale Fond President

12 December 2022

Perth

Adam Myers Director

West Perth Football Club Inc Contents 31 October 2022

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General information

The financial statements cover West Perth Football Club Inc as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is West Perth Football Club Inc's functional and presentation currency.

West Perth Football Club Inc is a not-for-profit incorporated association.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 12 December 2022.

West Perth Football Club Inc Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 31 October 2022

| Revenue Sevenue Sevenue <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | | |
|---|---|------|---|-----------|
| Pootball 3(a) 369,615 324,079 Marketing 3(b) 921,163 740,472 Catering 3(c) 277,447 278,706 WAFC grant 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Cother income 2,442,536 1,988,308 Cother income 3,440 3,4 | | Note | | |
| Pootball 3(a) 369,615 324,079 Marketing 3(b) 921,163 740,472 Catering 3(c) 277,447 278,706 WAFC grant 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Cother income 5,012 1,491 Cother income 1,988,308 Cother income 2,442,536 1,753,339 Cother income 2,447,864 1,753,339 Cother income 2,446,72 1,753,339 Cother income 2,447,864 1,753,339 Cother incom | | | | |
| Pootball 3(a) 369,615 324,079 Marketing 3(b) 921,163 740,472 Catering 3(c) 277,447 278,706 WAFC grant 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Cother income 5,012 1,491 Cother income 1,988,308 Cother income 2,442,536 1,753,339 Cother income 2,447,864 1,753,339 Cother income 2,446,72 1,753,339 Cother income 2,447,864 1,753,339 Cother incom | Revenue | | | |
| Marketing 3(b) 921,163 740,472 Catering 3(c) 277,447 278,706 WAFC grant 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant 2,000 34,400 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Other income 5,012 1,988,308 Expenses Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | 3(2) | 360 615 | 224.070 |
| Catering 3(c) 277,447 278,706 WAFC grant 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant - 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Other income 5,012 1,491 Expenses - 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| WAFC grant Donations 3(d) 847,458 509,534 Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant - 66,000 - 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Other income 5,012 1,491 Expenses - 2,442,536 1,988,308 Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| Donations 19,841 33,626 Government Grant - 66,000 COVID Assistance 2,000 34,400 Other income 5,012 1,491 Expenses - 2,442,536 1,988,308 Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| Government Grant COVID Assistance Other income - 66,000 34,400 5,012 1,491 Expenses - 2,442,536 1,988,308 Expenses Administration Football Marketing Football Marketing Horizontal Marketing Horizontal H | | 0(4) | | |
| COVID Assistance Other income 2,000 5,012 1,491 34,400 5,012 1,491 Expenses 2,442,536 1,988,308 1,988,308 Expenses 4(a) 902,338 742,521 742,521 Football Football Marketing Finance costs 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 645,831 293,633 Marketing Finance costs Depreciation Depreciation Depreciation Or right of use assets 30,486 28,336 28,860 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | Government Grant | | 13,041 | |
| Other income 5,012 1,491 Expenses 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | COVID Assistance | | 2 000 | |
| Expenses 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Administration 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | Other income | | | |
| Expenses 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Administration 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | 1,101 |
| Expenses 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Administration 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | 2,442,536 | 1.988.308 |
| Administration 4(a) 902,338 742,521 Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| Football Marketing Finance costs Depreciation Depreciation of right of use assets Surplus Marketing Finance costs 10,638 14,158 28,336 28,336 28,860 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| Football 4(b) 1,016,751 645,831 Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs Depreciation 5 30,486 28,336 28,860 | | 4(a) | 902,338 | 742.521 |
| Marketing 4(c) 428,791 293,633 Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | 4(b) | | |
| Finance costs 10,638 14,158 Depreciation 30,486 28,336 Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | 4(c) | | |
| Depreciation of right of use assets 28,860 28,860 2,417,864 1,753,339 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | | |
| 2,417,864 1,753,339 Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | 30,486 | 28,336 |
| Surplus 24,672 234,969 | Depreciation of right of use assets | - | 28,860 | 28,860 |
| Surplus 24,672 234,969 | | | 98400 - 04118992-1-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2- | |
| 2-4,072 204,000 | | _ | 2,417,864 | 1,753,339 |
| 2-4,072 204,000 | Cumlus | | | |
| Other comprehensive income for the very | Surpius | | 24,672 | 234,969 |
| Other complenensive income for the year | Other comprehensive income for the year | | | |
| and comprehensive modific for the year | and somprements moonic for the year | - | - | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members of West | Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members of West | | | |
| Perth Football Club Inc 24,672 234,969 | Perth Football Club Inc | | 24 672 | 234 969 |
| <u> </u> | | - | 21,072 | 204,000 |

West Perth Football Club Inc Statement of financial position As at 31 October 2022

| | Note | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5 | 421,895 | 571,963 |
| Trade and other receivables Inventories | 6 | 176,192 | 27,116 |
| Prepayments | 7 | 24,860 9,822 | 18,907 |
| Total current assets | _ | 632,769 | 16,986 634,972 |
| Non-community and the second s | - | | 004,012 |
| Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment | 0 | 40=04= | wan sas |
| Right of use asset | 8 | 197,615 33,741 | 151,882 |
| Total non-current assets | | 231,356 | 62,601 214,483 |
| Total | - | | 214,400 |
| Total assets | _ | 864,125 | 849,455 |
| | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and Other Payables | 9 | 170.044 | 440.500 |
| Financial Liabilities – WAFC Loan | 11 | 172,641 50,000 | 116,506 50,000 |
| Provisions | 10 | 53,842 | 38,181 |
| Income in advance | | 7,000 | 8,250 |
| Right of use liability Total current liabilities | _ | 34,666 | 31,682 |
| Total current habilities | - | 318,148 | 244,619 |
| | | | |
| Non-current liabilities Financial Liabilities – WAFC Loan | 4.4 | | |
| Right of use liability | 11 | 104,220 | 154,167 |
| Total non-current liabilities | _ | 104,220 | 33,584 187,751 |
| T-4-1 P-1-797 | _ | | 107,701 |
| Total liabilities | _ | 422,368 | 432,370 |
| Net assets | _ | 441,757 | 417,085 |
| | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Retained surplus | _ | 441,757 | 417,841 |
| Total equity | | 441,757 | 417,085 |
| | | | |

West Perth Football Club Inc Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 October 2022

| | Retained surplus \$ | Total equity |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|
| Balance at 1 November 2020 | 182,116 | 182,116 |
| Surplus for the year | 234,969 | 234,969 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 234,969 | 234,969 |
| Balance at 31 October 2021 | 417,085 | 417,085 |
| | | |
| | Retained surplus \$ | Total equity |
| Balance at 1 November 2021 | 417,085 | 417,085 |
| Surplus for the year | 24,672 | 24,672 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | - | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 24,672 | 24,672 |
| Balance at 31 October 2022 | 441,757 | 441,757 |

West Perth Football Club Inc Statement of cash flows For the year ended 31 October 2022

| | Note | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|------|--|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees COVID Assistance received | | 1,424,142 (2,270,923) 2,000 (844,781) | 1,359,613 (1,734,181) 34,400 (340,168) |
| Donations Received Grants received | - | 19,841 847,458 | 33,626 575,534 |
| Net cash from / (used in) operating activities | , | 22,518 | 268,992 |
| Cash flows from investing activities Payment for property plant and equipment Interest received | _ | (76,219) 20 | (24,683) 270 |
| Net cash from / (used in) investing activities | :- | (76,199) | (24,413) |
| | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of lease liabilities Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Interest paid | _ | (35,748) - (50,000) (10,638) | (27,284) - (50,000) (14,158) |
| Net cash from / (used in) financing activities | - | (96,386) | (91,442) |
| | | | |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | _ | (150,068) 571,963 | 153,137 418,826 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 5 | 421,895 | 571,963 |

Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

West Perth Football Club Inc has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted. The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Club. The following Accounting Standards and Interpretations are most relevant to the Club.

Basis of preparation

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with, AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements – Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB'), the Associations Incorporation Act 2015 (WA), and associated regulations, as appropriate for not-for profit-oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the transaction price when the Club transfers control of the services to their members and customers. The performance obligations are satisfied when the services have been provided to the customer.

Revenue is recognised for the major activities as follows:

Sales revenue

Events, fundraising and raffles are recognised when received or receivable.

Donations

Donations are recognised as revenue when received.

Grants

Grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the Club obtains control of the grant, it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the Club and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably. If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before the entity is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the Club incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor; otherwise the grant is recognised as income on receipt.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Recruitment Revenue and Expenditure

Transfer fees both received and paid for players are brought to account as income/expenses on an accrual basis upon obtaining a contractual agreement.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Government Subsidies

Income from government COVID-19 subsidies are recognised in profit or loss when the Club obtains control of the subsidies as the criteria for the subsidies are not sufficiently specific to apply AASB 15 and are recognised under AASB 1058.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Club assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Club assesses whether: the contract involves the use of an identified asset – this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset.

If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;

- the Club has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the Club has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Club has this right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Club allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of relative stand-alone prices.

Measurement

The Club recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Club's incremental borrowing rate. Generally the Club uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and the exercise price under a purchase option that the Club is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Club is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of the lease unless the Club is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Club's estimate of the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or if the Club changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term leases and low value assets

The Club has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of a low-value asset, including IT equipment. The Club recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Income tax

West Perth Football Club Inc is exempt from paying income tax under the Income Tax Assessment At 1997.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in West Perth Football Club Inc's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the West Perth Football Club Inc's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventories are accounted for at purchase cost on a first in first out basis.

Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Club commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset.

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified at 'fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are recognised as expenses in profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value depending on their classification. Classification is determined based on both the business model within which such assets are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, unless, an accounting mismatch is being avoided.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the Club intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the Club has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. When there is no reasonable expectation of recovering part or all of a financial asset, its carrying value is written off.

Impairment of financial assets

The Club recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are either measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income. The measurement of the loss allowance depends upon the Club's assessment at the end of each reporting period as to whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognised, based on reasonable and supportable information that is available, without undue cost or effort to obtain.

Where there has not been a significant increase in exposure to credit risk since initial recognition, a 12-month expected credit loss allowance is estimate. This represents a portion of the asset's lifetime expected credit losses that is attributable to a default event that is possible within the next 12 months. Where a financial asset has become credit impaired or where it is determined that credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance is based on the asset's lifetime expected credit losses. The amount of expected credit loss is measured on the basis of the probability weighted present value of anticipated cash shortfalls over the life of the instrument discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognised within other comprehensive income. In all other cases, the loss allowance is recognised in profit or loss.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities. The Club's financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment over their expected useful lives as follows:

Leasehold improvements

5-15 years

Motor vehicles

3-5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the West Perth Football Club Inc. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the West Perth Football Club Inc prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Defined contribution superannuation expense

Contributions to defined contribution superannuation plans are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which contemplates the continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

At the reporting date the Club has a working capital surplus of \$314,621 and net assets of \$441,757.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the Club for the annual reporting period ended 31 October 2022. The Club has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

West Perth Football Club Inc determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets

West Perth Football Club Inc assesses impairment of non-financial assets other than goodwill and other indefinite life intangible assets at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to West Perth Football Club Inc and to the particular asset that may lead to impairment. If an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. This involves fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use calculations, which incorporate a number of key estimates and assumptions.

Note 3. Revenue

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|-----------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | |
| 3(a) Football Income | | |
| Corporate Box Sales | 5,636 | 9,545 |
| Gate Receipts | 134,855 | 71,479 |
| Membership Fees | 85,671 | 83,418 |
| Raffle and Auction Proceeds | 33,886 | 54,950 |
| Talent Development Fees | 7,530 | 42,232 |
| Transfer & Draft Fees | 6,000 | 19,091 |
| Uniform / Apparel Sales | 68,939 | 23,323 |
| Other | 27,098 | 20,041 |
| | 369,615 | 324,079 |
| 3(b) Marketing Income | | |
| Advertising | 1,614 | _ |
| Functions and Events | 216,953 | 169,269 |
| Sponsorship | 570,787 | 507,378 |
| Venue Hire | 12,027 | 6,999 |
| Merchandise | 119,782 | 56,826 |
| | 921,163 | 740,472 |
| 3(c) Catering Income | | |
| Sales - Bar | 233,546 | 226,386 |
| Sales - Catering | 43,692 | 52,238 |
| Catering Commission | 209 | 82 |
| | 277,447 | 278,706 |
| 3(d) WAFC Grant Income | | |
| Grant - WAFC | 847,458 | 509,534 |
| | 847,458 | 509,534 |
| | | |

Note 4. Expenses

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 4(a) Administration expenses | | |
| Accounting/Bookkeeping Fees | 14 | |
| Audit fees | 7,000 | 3,680 |
| Bad Debts | 670 | - |
| Bank fees | 14,983 | 8,758 |
| Cleaning | 50,729 | 34,136 |
| Consultancy & Legal expenses | 26,497 | 30,797 |
| Electricity | 44,199 | 42,342 |
| Information Technology | 23,385 | 19,765 |
| Insurance | 12,806 | 10,431 |
| Motor Vehicle leases / hire | 27,250 | 15,000 |
| Repairs & Maintenance | 20,000 | 10,383 |
| Postage & Stationery Telephone | 12,426 | 15,550 |
| Venue Hire / Rent | 5,982 | 15,796 |
| Other | 3,374 | 1,044 |
| Administration Salaries & Wages | 149,021 | 172,293 |
| Administration Superannuation | 460,693 | 329,771 |
| , animodation superannuation | <u>43,309</u> 902,338 | 32,775 742,521 |
| | 302,330 | 142,521 |
| 4(b) Football expenses | | |
| Bar & canteen stock purchases | 106,552 | 125,996 |
| Equipment hire / purchases | 2,247 | - |
| Match day expenses | 70,285 | 6,841 |
| Media & Video | 14,352 | 1,074 |
| Medical consumables & services | 50,948 | 23,336 |
| Motor Vehicle costs - other | 7,861 | 3,209 |
| Stats production | - | 14,950 |
| Transfer fees | 12,000 | - |
| Umpire payments | | 7,249 |
| Uniforms | 149,608 | 61,598 |
| Football Salaries & Wages | 462,018 | 315,807 |
| Football superannuation (players & coaching staff) Other | 49,346 | 29,616 |
| Other | 91,534 | 50,155 |
| | 1,016,751 | 645,831 |
| 4(c) Marketing expenses | | |
| Advertising | 5,009 | 770 |
| Food and beverage - Events | 222,376 | 138,649 |
| Honorariums | 102,070 | 43,190 |
| Hospitality | 4,316 | 43,130 |
| Membership expenses | 13,900 | 14,288 |
| Merchandise purchases | 45,132 | 46,366 |
| Sponsorship / signage | 35,656 | 49,745 |
| Other | 332 | 625 |
| | 428,791 | 293,633 |
| | | |

Note 5. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| Cash on hand Cash at bank | 1,003 | 323 |
| Casil at ballk | 420,892 | 571,640 |
| | 421,892 | 571,963 |
| Note 6. Current assets - trade and other receivables | | |
| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
| Trade Debtors | 150,824 | 27,116 |
| Allowance for expected credit losses Accrued Income | | _ |
| Accided income | 25,227 | - |
| | 176,051 | 27,116 |
| Other receivables | 141 | _ |
| | 176,192 | 27,116 |

Management have considered the impact of expected credit losses under AASB 9 by determining the value of aged receivables that could potentially have expected credit losses, and then applying an expected credit loss rate to determine the allowance for expected credit losses.

Note 7. Current assets - inventories

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Items held for resale - at lower of cost and net realisable value (i) | | |
| Merchandise Bar Stock | 16,347 8,513 | 13,619 5,288 |
| | 24,860 | 18,907 |

⁽i) There is no deed of consignment over inventories as at 31 October 2022.

Note 8. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| Leasehold improvements - at cost | 304,907 | 228,688 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (107,292) | (82,231) |
| | 197,615 | 146,457 |
| | | |
| Motor vehicles - at cost | 19,582 | 19,582 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (19,582) | (14, 157) |
| | | 5,425 |
| | 197,615 | 151,882 |

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of the written down values at the beginning and end of the current financial year are set out below.

| | Leasehold improvements \$ | Motor vehicles \$ | Total \$ |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Balance at 1 November 2021 Additions | 146,457 76,219 | 5,425 | 151,882 76,219 |
| Disposals Depreciation expense | (25,061) | (5,425) | (30,486) |
| Balance at 31 October 2022 | 197,615 | | 197,615 |

Note 9. Current liabilities - trade and other payables

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Trade payables GST/BAS payable Accrued expenses Superannuation payable Other payables | 71,083 78,838 19,891 2,828 | 41,883 63,878 10,645 100 |
| | 172,640 | 116,506 |

Trade payables ageing summary

| | Number of days outstanding | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------|
| | 0 – 30 days | 30 – 60 days | 60 – 90 days | More than 90 days | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2022 | | | | | , |
| Trade payables (a) | 58,291 | 11,458 | | 1,334 | 71,083 |
| BAS payable | 78,838 | - | | | 78,838 |
| Accrued expenses | 19,891 | - | | | 19,891 |
| Superannuation payable | 2,828 | - | | | 2,828 |
| Other payables (a) | - | _ | - | | 2,020 |
| | | | | | |
| | 159,848 | 11,458 | | 1,334 | 172,640 |
| | | | | | |
| | Nu | mber of day | s outstand | dina | |
| | 0 – 30 | 30 – 60 | | More than 90 | Total |
| | days | days | days | | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | days | |
| 2021 | Ψ | φ | φ | \$ | \$ |
| Trade payables (a) | 18,741 | 18,031 | 435 | 4,676 | 41,883 |
| BAS payable | 63,878 | - | _ | - | 63,878 |
| Accrued expenses | 10,645 | - | - | _ | 10,645 |
| Superannuation payable | 1= | - | _ | _ | - |
| Other payables (a) | 100 | - | | _ | 100 |
| | 93,364 | 18,031 | 435 | 4,676 | 116,506 |
| | 33,004 | 10,001 | 100 | 4,070 | 110,500 |

(a) Terms and conditions

Terms and conditions relating to the above financial instruments:

- (i) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and generally on 30-day terms.
- (ii) Other payables and other receivables are non-interest bearing and have repayment terms between 30 and 90 days.

Note 10. Current liabilities - employee benefits provisions

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Employee benefits – annual leave | 53,842 | 38,181 |
| Total current employee benefits | 53,842 | 38,181 |

Note 11. Financial liabilities

| WAFC Loan facility – current | 2022 \$ 50,000 | 2021 \$ 50,000 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| WAFC Loan facility – Non current | 2022 \$ 104,220 | 2021 \$ 154,167 |
| | 104,220 | 154,167 |

Note 12. Contingent liabilities

West Perth Football Club Inc had no contingent liabilities as at 31 October 2022 and 31 October 2021.

Note 13. Commitments

| | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|---|------------|------------------|
| (a) Operating lease expenditure commitmentsNot later than one yearLater than one year and not later than five yearsLater than five years | 48,235 | 51,000 46,750 |
| | 48,235 | 97,750 |

The commitment recognises the licence fee for the oval to the period 30 September 2023 being the expiry of the next term of the lease.

Note 14. Auditors Remuneration

| Amounts received or due and receivable by William Buck Audit (WA) Pty Ltd for: | 2022 \$ | 2021 \$ |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| - Audit or review of the financial report of the entity | 8,000 | 7,000 |
| - Other services in relation to the entity | | |
| | 8,000 | 7,000 |

Note 15. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

There were no transactions with related parties during the current and previous financial year:

Receivable from and payable to related parties

Trade receivables of \$1,320 for ticket purchases by board members were outstanding at 31 October 2022, (2021 – Nil) There were no trade payables to related parties at the current and previous reporting date. At the date of this report no trade receivables from related parties are outstanding.

Loans to/from related parties

There were no loans to or from related parties at the current and previous reporting date.

Note 16. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 October 2022 that has significantly affected or may significantly affect West Perth Football Club Inc's operations, the results of those operations, or West Perth Football Club Inc's state of affairs in future financial years.

West Perth Football Club Inc Directors declaration 31 October 2022

In the Directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures, the Associations Incorporation Act 2015 (WA) and associated regulations;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of West Perth Football Club Inc financial position as at 31 October 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that West Perth Football Club Inc will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Directors

Neale Fong President

12 December 2022

Perth

Adam Myers Director



West Perth Football Club Inc.

Independent auditor's report to members of West Perth Football Club Inc.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial report of West Perth Football Club Inc. (the Club) which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the financial report of West Perth Football Club (Inc) has been prepared in accordance with the Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA), including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Club's financial position as at 31 October 2022 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures.

Basis for Qualified Opinion - Comparatives

As noted in the audit opinion for the financial report of West Perth Football Club (Inc) for the year ended 31 October 2021, as the evidence available to us regarding bar sales, catering sales, and gate receipts was limited, our audit procedures with respect to bar sales, catering sales, and gate receipts had to be restricted to the amounts recorded in the financial records. Accordingly, we were unable to express an opinion whether bar sales, catering sales, and gate receipts of the Club recorded were complete. Consequently, a qualified opinion has been issued on the comparative information for the year ended 31 October 2021 in relation to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of cashflows and statement of changes in equity.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA), and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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West Perth Football Club Inc.

Independent auditor's report to members of West Perth Football Club Inc. (cont.)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Club's annual report for the year ended 31 October 2022 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Club are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures and the Associations Incorporations Act 2015 (WA) and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Club or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Club's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.



West Perth Football Club Inc.

Independent auditor's report to members of West Perth Football Club Inc. (cont.)

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of these financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.

William Buck

William Buck Audit (WA) Pty Ltd ABN 67 125 012 124

Conley Manifis Director

Dated this 12 day of December 2022